

Year 1

Science: Animals including humans

Learning to Recap (ELG):

- Animals are living things
- Humans are animals
- Animals change as they get older
- Similarities and differences between animals e.g., dogs and cats have four legs, birds lay eggs but humans have babies.

New Knowledge and vocabulary

www.bbc.com/bitesize/topics/z6882hv

animal	a living creature.
amphibian	can live on land or in water, lay eggs in or near water, have gills and lungs, smooth skin, most have 4 legs and cold blooded.
reptiles	cold blooded, scaly/dry skin, usually lay eggs and have lungs to breathe air.
birds	lay eggs, have beaks and feathers, have 2 legs and 2 wings, most can fly and have lungs to breathe air.
mammal	have hair, live on land or in water, are warm blooded, have lungs to breathe air and give birth to live young.
fish	live in water, lay lots of eggs, use gills to breathe, have no legs and have scales.
carnivore	only eat meat.
herbivore	only eat plants.
omnivore	eat both plants and meat.

Owls are a type of bird



All mammals are similar **because...**

All mammals are similar **but...**

Application of knowledge

Classify animals into groups according to different criterion - for example, birds/not birds or mammals/not mammals.

Visit a local zoo/invite visitors from wildlife centres to look at the different types of living things.

Herbivore

An animal that eats almost only plants.



Carnivore

An animal that eats almost only meat.



Omnivore

An animal that eats plants and meat.



A goldfish is a type of fish

